

510(k) SUMMARY

This summary of 510(k) safety and effectiveness information is being submitted in accordance with the requirements of SMDA 1990 and 21 CFR 807.92

The assigned 510(k) number is K 011709.

Submitter Information (21 CFR 807.92 (a) (1))

Submitter:

Trinity Biotech, plc

IDA Business Park

Bray

Co. Wicklow

Ireland

Contact:

Fiona Campbell

Regulatory Affairs Manager

Trinity Biotech, plc

Phone: 011 353 2769800 Fax: 011 353 2769888

Summary Date:

May 30, 2001

Name of Device and Classification (21 CFR 807.92 (a) (2))

Name (trade):

Uni-GoldTM Strep A test kit

Name (usual):

Streptococcus spp. serological reagents

Classification:

21 CFR 866.3740, Class 1, GTZ

Identification of Legally Marketed Predicate Device(s) (21 CFR 807.92 (a) (3))

The Uni-GoldTM Strep A test kit is substantially equivalent to the Quidel QuickVue® In-lineTM One-Step Strep A Test (Quidel Corporation, 10165 McKellar Court, San Diego, CA 92121). The Uni-GoldTM Strep A test kit is identical, or similar to, its predicate device in terms of: antigen detection, technology/methodology, testing matrix, result interpretation, and clinical performance.

Description of Device (21 CFR 807.92 (a) (4))

The extracted sample flows through an absorbent pad containing anti-Strep A antibody conjugated to colloidal gold which binds group A Streptococcal antigen if present, forming an antigen-antibody complex. As this complex travels along the membrane, it becomes immobilised at the test region, which is impregnated with a rabbit polyclonal anti-Strep A antibody, resulting in the formation of a pink/red line. A pink/red line will also appear in the control region of the test indicating proper functioning of the test. In the absence of group A Streptococcal antigen, a pink/red line will only appear in the control line.

Intended Use 21 CFR 807.92 (a) (5))

The Trinity Biotech Uni-GoldTM Strep A test kit is intended for the rapid, *in vitro* qualitative detection of group A Streptococcal antigen from human throat swabs. It can also be used as a confirmation test of beta-haemolytic colonies obtained from blood agar plates. The test is intended for professional use in physicians offices as an aid in the rapid diagnosis of group A Streptococcal pharyngitis. The test may also be used in hospital laboratories as an aid in the rapid diagnosis of group A Streptococcal pharyngitis and the confirmation of group A Streptococcus from culture.

Similarities to the Predicate(s) (21 CFR 807.92 (a) (6))

A summary of the similarities and differences between the Uni-GoldTM Strep A test kit and the predicate device follows.

Similarities Between Uni-GoldTM Strep A test kit and Predicate Device

Characteristics	Uni-Gold TM Strep A	Predicate device
Intended Use	Intended for the rapid, in vitro qualitative detection of group A Streptococcal antigen from human throat swabs. It can also be used as a confirmation of beta-haemolytic colonies obtained from blood agar plates. The test is intended for professional use in physicians' offices and hospital laboratories as an aid in the diagnosis and confirmation of group A	Allows for the rapid detection of group A streptococcal antigen directly from patient throat swab specimens. The test is intended for use as an aid in the diagnosis of group A Streptococcal infection.
Mathadalam	Streptococcal pharyngitis. Immunoassay	Immunoassay
Methodology Antigen Detected	Group A Strep	Group A Strep
Type of Test	Qualitative	Qualitative
Principle of the Test	The extracted sample flows through an absorbent pad containing anti-Strep A antibody conjugated to colloidal gold which binds group A Streptococcal antigen if present, forming an antigen-antibody complex. As this complex travels along the membrane, it becomes immobilised at the test region, which is impregnated with a rabbit polyclonal anti-Strep A antibody, resulting in the formation of a pink/red line. A pink/red line will also appear in the control region of the test indicating proper functioning of the test. In the absence of group A Streptococcal antigen, a pink/red line will only appear in the control line.	The extracted sample migrates through a label pad consisting of a pink label containing rabbit polyclonal anti-Strep A antibody and a blue control label. If the extracted solution contains Strep A antigen, the antigen will bind to the antibody on the pink test label which, in turn, will bind a second rabbit polyclonal anti-Strep A antibody spotted on the membrane, resulting in the formation of a pink-to-purple Test line. A blue Control line will also appear next to the letter "C" on the test cassette indicating proper functioning of the test. If Strep A is not present or present at very low levels, only a blue Control line will be visible.

Similarities Between Uni-Gold TM Strep A test kit and Predicate Device (Continued)

Characteristics	Uni-Gold TM Strep A	Predicate device	
Materials	Timer or Stopwatch	Timer	
required but	Tongue depressor	Tongue blade or spoon	
not supplied	Gloves	Gloves	
Test Matrix/ Specimen type	Throat swab	Throat swab	
Specimen type Specimen	Use only swabs provided. Collect	Use only swabs provided.	
Collection and	throat swab specimens using	Collect throat swab specimens	
Preparation	standard throat swab collection	by standard clinical methods.	
Treparation	methods. Depress the tongue with a tongue depressor. Be careful not to touch the teeth, tongue, sides or top of the mouth with the swab. Rub a sterile swab on the posterior pharynx, tonsils and inflamed areas. Process specimen samples as soon as possible after collection. Swabs can be held in a clean, dry paper sleeve at 15-30°C for up to 4 hours or at 2-8°C for up to 24 hours before processing.	Depress the tongue with a tongue blade or spoon. Be careful not to touch the tongue, sides or top of the mouth with the swab. Rub the swab on the back of the throat, on the tonsils, and in any other area where there is redness, inflammation or pus. Process specimen samples as soon as possible after collection. Swabs can be held in any clean, dry plastic tube or sleeve at 15-30°C for up to 4 hours or 24 hours refrigerated (2-8°C) before processing.	
Controls	1 Positive control vial and 1	1 Positive control swab and 1	
provided	Negative control vial	Negative control swab	
Extraction	2	2	
Buffers	2	2	
Assay Read Time	5 minutes	5 minutes	
Result	Positive or Negative for Strep A	Positive or Negative for Strep A	
Interpretation	antigen	antigen	
Stability of	Results should be read after 5	Results should be read after 5	
Results	minutes	minutes	
CLIA Waived	To be requested	Yes	

Differences Between Uni-GoldTM Strep A test kit and Predicate Device

Characteristics	Uni-Gold TM Strep A	Predicate device
Re Use of Kit Controls	Yes. Controls are supplied enough for multiple tests	No. Only 1 positive and 1 negative control swab supplied each for single use only
Extraction Time	3 minutes	none
Storage Temperature	2-27°C (entire kit)	15-30°C (entire kit)

Brief Discussion of Nonclinical Data (21 CFR 807.92 (b) (1))

Laboratory studies were conducted to evaluate analytical sensitivity (lowest limit of detection) and analytical specificity (cross-reactivity testing from potential interferents). Summary description and results from those studies are provided below.

Analytical Sensitivity

Serial dilutions were prepared from two cultures of group A *Streptococcus*, and were tested with the Uni-GoldTM Strep A test kit until the interpretations became "negative".

The results indicate that the lowest level of detection of the Uni-GoldTM Strep A test kit is 1×10^5 cells per swab.

Analytical Specificity

The Uni-GoldTM Strep A test kit was used to test a variety of organisms at concentrations of approximately 1 x 10⁷ cells per swab. Negative results were obtained in all cases.

Brief Discussion of Clinical Data (21 CFR 807.92 (b) (2))

Accuracy

The accuracy of the Trinity Biotech Uni-GoldTM Strep A test kit was determined through the analysis of 501 fresh throat samples tested both in the immunoassay and by routine culture.

The results from comparative testing between Uni-GoldTM vs. routine culture are presented below.

Uni-GoldTM Strep A Test Kit Results vs. Routine Culture Results

n = 501 samples		Routine	Culture
		+	-
Uni-Gold TM Strep A	+	97	3
om dold swep 11		12	389
Reference Totals		109	392

The data indicated the Uni-GoldTM Strep A test kit correctly identified 97 of 109 positive results for a sensitivity of 89.0% and correctly identified 389 of 392 negative results for a specificity of 99.2%. The overall agreement between Uni-GoldTM Strep A test kit and routine culture was 97.0% (486/501). These data demonstrate good agreement between the two methods.

Uni-GoldTM Strep A vs predicate device

The results from the direct comparison of the two immunoassays are presented below.

Concordance results between Uni-GoldTM Strep A and Predicate device

	Uni-Gold TM	Predicate device	Number	Percent of Total
Concordant Results	+	+	86	
- CONTROL - CONT	-	_	398	
				96.6%
Discordant Results	+	-	14	
	_	+	3	
				3.4%
Total Specimens Tested			501	100%

Good agreement was observed between the Uni-GoldTM Strep A test kit and predicate device. There was positive concordance in 96.6% of samples (86/89), and negative concordance in 96.6% of samples (398/412). Overall concordance was seen in 96.6% of the samples (484/501).

Culture Confirmation

The Uni-Gold TM Strep A test kit was used to confirm the identification of group A Strep on blood agar plates. Samples that were visually positive on the culture assay were tested on the Uni-Gold TM Strep A test kit and a Streptococcal latex grouping test kit as the predicate to confirm a positive result.

The Uni-Gold TM Strep A test kit correctly identified 105/109 samples as group A Streptococcus giving a sensitivity of 96.3%. 2 of the 4 samples positive for Strep A on culture but negative by the Uni-Gold TM Strep A test kit were identified by the Streptococcul latex grouping test as mixed cultures containing group A Streptococcus. The 2 further samples positive by culture and negative by the Uni-Gold TM Strep A test kit were identified as non group A Streptococcus (group B Streptococcus and a mixed culture of group B and group F Streptococcus). Thus, the Uni-Gold TM Strep A test kit

correctly identified 105/107 samples as group A Streptococcus giving a sensitivity of 98.1% as compared against a Streptococcal latex grouping test.

In a further study of 224 samples, 117 of these were identified as non-Strep A colonies by morphology and the absence of beta-haemolysis. These were tested on the Uni-Gold TM Strep A test where all negative samples were correctly identified. The results are summarized in the table below.

Culture Confirmation Study

n = 224 samples		Strep A Culture (confirmed by Beta- haemolysis and morphology)	
		+	-
Uni-Gold TM Strep A	+	105	0
	-	2	117
Reference Totals		107	117

In a separate study, colonies of 2 group A beta-haemolytic organisms and 4 non group A beta-haemolytic organisms were tested in duplicate in a blinded manner by 2 independent physicians. Correct results were obtained in all cases.

<u>Performance Data – Conclusions (21 CFR 807.92 (b) (3))</u> Analytical sensitivity of the Uni-GoldTM Strep A test kit was determined to be 1 x 10⁵ cells per swab as demonstrated by the testing of serial dilutions in the assay. Analytical specificity testing demonstrated no interference by other organisms (pathological and nonpathological) routinely found in the throat.

The Uni-GoldTM Strep A test kit and the predicate device, with discordant results resolved against culture, revealed a relative sensitivity of Uni-GoldTM Strep A test kit of 99.0% (97/98 positive results) and a relative specificity of 99.3% (400/403 negative results). The relative overall agreement was 99.2% (497/501).





Food and Drug Administration 2098 Gaither Road Rockville MD 20850

NOV 0 8 2001

Ms. Fiona Campbell Regulatory Affairs Manager Trinity Biotech, plc IDA Business Park Bray, Co. Wicklow Ireland

Re: K011709

Trade/Device Name: Trinity Biotech Uni-Gold™ Strep A Test Kit

Regulation Number: 21 CFR 866.3740

Regulation Name: Streptococcus spp. Serological Reagents

Regulatory Class: I Product Code: GTY Dated: August 17, 2001 Received: August 22, 2001

Dear Ms. Campbell:

We have reviewed your Section 510(k) notification of intent to market the device referenced above and we have determined the device is substantially equivalent to devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments, or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Act). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (Premarket Approval), it may be subject to such additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Parts 800 to 895. A substantially equivalent determination assumes compliance with the Good Manufacturing Practice for Medical Devices: General (GMP) regulation (21 CFR Part 820) and that, through periodic GMP inspections, the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) will verify such assumptions. Failure to comply with the GMP regulation may result in regulatory action. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the Federal Register. Please note: this response to your premarket notification submission does not affect any obligation you might have under sections 531 through 542 of the Act for devices under the Electronic Product Radiation Control provisions, or other Federal laws or regulations.

This letter will allow you to begin marketing your device as described in your 510(k) premarket notification. The FDA finding of substantial equivalence of your device to a legally marketed predicate device results in a classification for your device and thus, permits your device to proceed to the market.

If you desire specific advice for your device on our labeling regulation (21 CFR Part 801 and additionally 809.10 for in vitro diagnostic devices), please contact the Office of Compliance at (301) 594-4588. Additionally, for questions on the promotion and advertising of your device, please contact the Office of Compliance at (301) 594-4639. Also, please note the regulation entitled, "Misbranding by reference to premarket notification" (21CFR 807.97). Other general information on your responsibilities under the Act may be obtained from the Division of Small Manufacturers International and Consumer Assistance at its toll-free number (800) 638-2041 or (301) 443-6597 or at its internet address "http://www.fda.gov/cdrh/dsma/dsmamain.html".

Sincerely yours,

Steven I. Gutman, M.D., M.B.A.

Director

Division of Clinical Laboratory Devices

Steven Butman

Office of Device Evaluation

Center for Devices and

Radiological Health

Enclosure

Indications for Use:

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510(k) Number (if known):	K011709 .		
Device Name:	Trinity Biotech Uni-Gold™ Strep A test k	<u>it</u>	- :

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(PLEASE DO NOT WRITE BELOW THIS LINE-CONTINUE ON ANOTHER PAGE OF NEEDED)

Concurence of CDRH, Office of Device Evaulation (ODE) Over the counter Use ____ Or Prescription use (per 21 CFR 801.109) (Optional Format 3-10-98) (Division Stan-Off) Division of Camcai Laboratory Davices